

## **LESSON 22 - JESUS IS RISEN! ALLELUIA**

### **Q.1. What is meant by paschal candle?**

**A.1.** The 'white paschal candle' symbolizes Jesus Christ, the light of the world and his sinless life.

### **Q.2. To whom did Jesus appear to after his resurrection?**

**A.2.** Jesus Appears to Mary Magdalene, then to his Disciples and then to Thomas.

### **Q.3. How many days after resurrection Jesus stayed?**

**A.3.** Jesus stayed 40 days after resurrection before ascending to heaven.

### **Q.4. What is Jesus' message and promise after he appears to his disciples?**

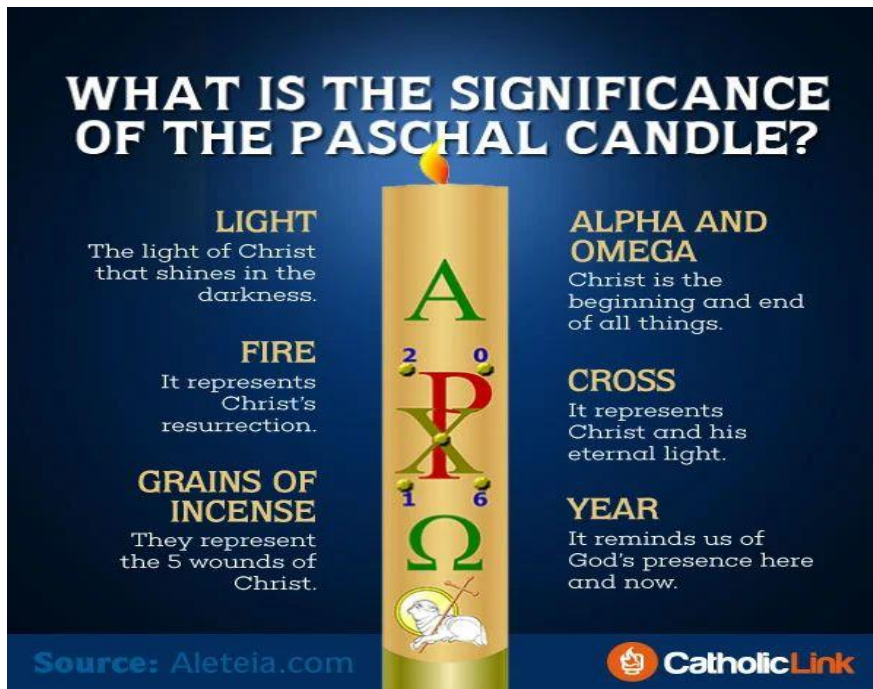
**A.4.** Jesus tells his disciples to wait for the gift of the Holy Spirit, and once they receive the Holy Spirit they have to go out and fearlessly proclaim the Good News to everyone that Jesus Christ has risen.

### **Q.5. What did Jesus show the disciples to prove that it was really Him?**

**A.5.** Jesus showed them his Hands and his Feet.

### **Q.6. What are the important moments that we can notice at Easter Vigil?**

- *Notice the dark.* The Easter Vigil takes place after sunset on Holy Saturday, to highlight the Church's vigil, or waiting, for the Resurrection of Jesus. The darkness of the night and of the church reminds us of the darkness of the tomb from which Jesus rose.
- *Notice the fire burning outside the doors of the church.* The service begins with the blessing of the Paschal Fire and the lighting of the Paschal Candle from the fire. Paschal is a Latin word meaning Easter.
- *Notice the priest leads the procession into the church with the Paschal Candle which symbolizes the light of Christ rising from the tomb.* The smaller candles held by the people are lit from the Paschal Candle and shared around the church from person to person, showing how we spread the Light of Christ in the world through our service and kindness to others.
- *Notice the Exsultet.* It is an ancient hymn of praise for God's saving work in human history, culminating in the Resurrection of Christ sung by a deacon.
- *Notice the Liturgy of the Word* tells the stories of the history of God's saving work among his people.
- *Notice the blessing of the Baptismal Waters.* The waters of baptism are blessed and sprinkled on the assembly.
- *Notice the Rites of Initiation.* Those who have been preparing to enter the Church (catechumens) are usually received at the EASTER Vigil. This includes the Sacrament of Baptism and Confirmation.



## PARABLE OF THE WAITING SERVANTS (LUKE 12:35-48)

1. **The three elements of readiness?**  
They are dressed up, light up the lamps and keep the door open.
2. **What blessing does the master give to the faithful servant?**  
He will put him in charge of all his possessions.
3. **What happens to those who know about the hour and are not prepared?**  
The servant who knows the master's will and does not get ready or does not do what the master wants will be beaten with many blows.
4. **What happens to those who don't know and are not prepared?**  
The one who does not know and does things deserving punishment will be beaten with few blows.
5. **What are the two main themes of The Parable the Waiting Servants?**  
The master's return may be delayed, and the master's servants must nevertheless be ready.
6. **Who prevents us from not being prepared?**  
The devil prevents us from preparing ourselves from God's grace and His second coming.
7. **Who helps us to prepare ourselves for the second coming of Jesus?**  
The Holy Spirit helps us to prepare ourselves in holiness through his power and truth.